Fake Quiz 2 Calc 3 11/30/2010

This is a fake quiz, this is only a fake quiz. In the event of an actual quiz, you'd have been given fair warning. Repeat: This is only a fake quiz.

- 1. Compute $\int_C (x^2 + y^2) dx x dy$ along the quarter circle from (1,0) to (0,1).
- 2. Evaluate $\iint_{S} \nabla \times \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\mathbf{s}$ for the hemisphere $S: x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = 9$, $z \ge 0$ and the field $\mathbf{F} = y\mathbf{i} x\mathbf{j}$.
- 3. Evaluate $\int (\sin y \sinh x + \cos y \cosh x) dx + (\cos y \cosh x \sin y \sinh x) dy$ where C is the line segment from (1,0) to $(2,\pi/2)$.
- 4. Evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$, where $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = 4x\mathbf{i} 3y\mathbf{j} + 7z\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by the coordinate planes and the planes x = 1, y = 1, and z = 1.
- 5. Evaluate, $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ where $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = x \mathbf{i} + y \mathbf{j} + 2z \mathbf{k}$ and S is the portion of the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ between the planes z = 1 and z = 2, oriented upwards.
- 6. Evaluate $\int_C (x^2 y) dx + x dy$, where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ with counterclockwise orientation.
- 7. Evaluate $\iint_S \langle x^3, x^2y, xy \rangle \cdot d\mathbf{S}$, where S is the surface of the solid bounded by $z = 4 x^2$, y + z = 5, z = 0, and y = 0.
- 8. Compute $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = y \mathbf{i} + z \mathbf{j} x \mathbf{k}$ and C is the line segment from (1,1,1) to (-3,2,0).
- 9. Compute $\int_{C} \left\langle \ln(1+y), -\frac{xy}{1+y} \right\rangle \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where C is the triangle with vertices (0,0), (2,0), and (0,4).
- 10. Evaluate $\int_{(0,1)}^{(p,-1)} y \sin x dx \cos x dy$.
- 11. Compute, $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ where $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = 2y \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and S is the portion of the paraboloid $z = x^2 + y^2$ below the plane z = 4 with positive orientation.
- 12. Compute $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = \langle 4x, 7y, -3z \rangle$ and *C* is the boundary of the first-octant portion of a sphere with radius 5 (centered at the origin).