## Exam 3 Calc 1 10/26/2018

Each problem is worth 10 points. For full credit provide complete justification for your answers.

1. What is $(\ln x)^{\prime}$ ?
2. a) What is $\left(x e^{x}\right)^{\prime}$ ?
b) What is $(x \arcsin x)^{\prime}$ ?
c) What is $(x \cosh x)^{\prime}$ ?
3. Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{e^{x}}$. Be sure to provide good justifications for your steps.
4. Differentiate $y=x \cos ^{-1} x-\sqrt{1-x^{2}}$. [Hint: $\left.\left(\cos ^{-1} x\right)^{\prime}=\frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^{2}}}\right]$
5. [Stewart] The table below gives estimates of the world population, in millions, from 1750 to 2000:

| Year | Population | Year | Population |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1750 | 790 | 1900 | 1650 |
| 1800 | 980 | 1950 | 2560 |
| 1850 | 1260 | 2000 | 6080 |

Use the exponential model and the population figures for 1800 and 1850 to predict the world population in 1900. Compare with the actual population.
6. Show why $\left(a^{x}\right)^{\prime}=(\ln a) a^{x}$.
7. Biff is a calculus student at Enormous State University, and he's having some trouble. Biff says "Geez, calculus is hard! All this ticky-tack stuff is just literally killing me. Like, you know, sometimes they write 1 over sin, and sometimes they write $\sin ^{-1}$, and sometimes they write arcsin, and sometimes they write csc, and I think maybe they're all the same, but who the heck knows? I bet literally nobody actually can tell which ones are different. "

Explain clearly to Biff which of the functions he describes are actually the same, and which are different, and why.
8. Show that if $g(x)=\tan ^{-1} x$ then $\quad g^{\prime}(x)=\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}$
9. Why is $\frac{d}{d x}\left(\sinh ^{-1} x\right)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{2}}}$ ?
10. Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{+}} x \ln x$. Be sure to provide good justifications for your steps. $x \rightarrow 0^{+}$

Extra Credit (5 points possible): Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0^{+}} x^{x}$. Be sure to provide good justifications for your steps.

