

1. [5 points possible] Let $f(x) = 1/x$. Use the definition of the derivative to find $f'(x)$.

$$f(a) = 1/a$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{1/x - 1/a}{x - a}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{a - x}{(xa)(x - a)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{-(x - a)}{(x - a)ax}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{-1}{ax} = \frac{-1}{a^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{so } f'(x) = \boxed{\frac{-1}{x^2}}$$

Excellent!