## Exam 1Modern Algebra 19/16/20

Do questions 1 through 7 and pick three of the remaining (lettered) questions for grading (check boxes of the lettered problems you want graded or I roll dice). Each problem is worth 10 points. Show good justification for full credit. Don't panic.

1. State the definition of a group.

2. Let  $\alpha : S \to T$  be a mapping. State the definition of the inverse mapping of  $\alpha$ .

3. Give an example of a subgroup of  $\mathbb{Z}$  with addition that is not  $\mathbb{Z}$  itself. Explain how you know it's a subgroup.

4. In  $S_3$ , let  $\alpha = (1 \ 3 \ 2)$  and  $\beta = (3 \ 1)$ .

(a) Find  $\alpha^{-1}$ .

(b) Compute  $\alpha \circ \beta$ 

5. Show that the identity element in a group is unique.

- 6. Let  $\mathbb{Z}$  be the set of integers, and define \* on  $\mathbb{Z}$  as: m \* n = m + n + mn.
  - (a) Is \* commutative?

(b) Does \* have an identity?

- 7. Let *G* be a group with operation \*, and let *H* be a subset of *G*. Show that *H* is a subgroup of *G* iff
  - (a) *H* is nonempty,
  - (b) if  $a \in H$  and  $b \in H$ , then  $a * b \in H$ , and
  - (c) if  $a \in H$ , then  $a^{-1} \in H$ .

 $\square$  A. Determine, with proof, whether the set of 2 by 2 matrices of the form

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc}a&b\\0&c\end{array}\right]$$

with *a*, *b*, *c* positive real numbers, forms a group with matrix multiplication.

□ B. Let *G* be a group, and  $a \in G$ . Suppose for some (one)  $b \in G$ , a \* b = b. Is it necessarily the case that a = e, the identity of *G*?

□ C. Let *G* be a group, and let  $Z(G) = \{x \in G : x * a = a * x \text{ for all } a \in G\}$ . Show Z(G) is a subgroup of *G*.

 $\Box$  D. Give three distinct subgroups of  $S_4$ .

 $\square$  E. Write (12465) as a product of two-cycles.

□ F. Solve the equation  $(1 \ 2 \ 3) \circ x \circ (4 \ 1) = (1 \ 5 \ 2)$ , that is, find an element *x* of *S*<sub>5</sub> that makes the equation true.