## Examlet 3 <br> Advanced Geometry 4/21/21

1. a) State the Neutral Area Postulate.
b) State the Euclidean Area Postulate.
2. A triangle has $\alpha=32^{\circ}, A=7.0$, and $C=10.0$. Solve for the possible remaining measurements, accurate to the nearest tenth.
3. Provide good justifications in the blanks below for the corresponding statements: Proposition: If $\triangle A B C$ and $\triangle D E F$ are two triangles such that $\triangle A B C \sim \triangle D E F$, then

$$
\frac{A B}{A C}=\frac{D E}{D F}
$$

| Statement: | Reason: |
| :--- | :--- |
| If $A B=D E$, then $\triangle A B C \cong \triangle D E F$ and the conclusion <br> is evident. |  |
| So suppose $A B \neq D E$. Either $A B>D E$ or $A B<D E$. |  |
| Change notation, if necessary, so that $A B>D E$. <br> Choose a point $B^{\prime}$ on $\overline{A B}$ such that $A B^{\prime}=D E$. |  |
| Let $m$ be the line through $B^{\prime}$ such that $m$ is parallel <br> to $\ell=\overleftrightarrow{B C}$ |  |
| and let $C^{\prime}$ be the point at which $m$ intersects $\overline{A C}$. |  |
| Then $\angle A B^{\prime} C^{\prime} \cong \angle D E F$ |  |
| Then $\triangle A B^{\prime} C^{\prime} \cong \triangle D E F$ |  |
| Let $n$ be the line through $A$ that is parallel to $\ell$ and $m$. |  |
| Then $A B^{\prime} / A B=A C^{\prime} / A C$ and so $D E / A B=D F / A C$. |  |
| $D E / D F=A B / A C$ as desired. |  |

4. Show that in hyperbolic geometry, two triangles sharing three congruent corresponding angles must be congruent triangles.
5. Explain to Biff how we came to the conclusion that for a triangle (in the Euclidean plane)

$$
A=\frac{1}{2} b h
$$

