

Each problem is worth 5 points. For full credit indicate clearly how you reached your answer.

5 1. Find $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2+y^2}$, or show that it does not exist.

Set $x=0$:
 $\lim_{(0,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{0^2}{0^2+y^2} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{0}{y^2} = 0$

Set $y=0$:
 $\lim_{(x,0) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2+0^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{x^2} = 1$

Set $y=x$:
 $\lim_{(x,x) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2}{x^2+x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{2x^2} = 1/2$

these three are not equal, so the limit DNE!
Excellent

5 2. If $f(x,y) = x^3y - \sin xy + e^{xy}$, find f_x and f_y .

$f_x(x,y) = 3x^2y - \cos xy (y) + e^{xy} \cdot (y)$
 $f_x(x,y) = 3x^2y - y \cos xy + ye^{xy}$

$f_y(x,y) = x^3 - \cos xy \cdot x + e^{xy} \cdot x$
 $f_y(x,y) = x^3 - x \cos xy + xe^{xy}$

Nice

5 3. State the definition of the derivative of a function $f(x,y)$ with respect to y .

This would be the derivative of $f(x,y)$ as only y changes i.e. keeping every other vars. variable as a constant.

$f_y(x,y) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x, y+h) - f(x,y)}{h}$

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