

Each problem is worth 5 points. Clear and complete justification is required for full credit.

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
$f(x)$	4	6	1	2	3	5
$g(x)$	2	4	6	3	1	5

1. Use the table above to evaluate

a) $f \circ g(2) = f(g(2)) = f(4) = \underline{\underline{2}}$

b) $g \circ f(2) = g(f(2)) = g(6) = \underline{\underline{5}}$

2. Find an exponential function for the form $f(x) = C a^x$ passing through the points $(0, 3)$ and $(2, 12)$.

Since it goes through $(0, 3)$:

$$(3) = C \cdot a^{(0)}$$

$$\therefore C = 3$$

Since it goes through $(2, 12)$:

$$(12) = 3 \cdot a^{(2)}$$

$$4 = a^2$$

$$\therefore a = 2$$

$$f(x) = 3 \cdot 2^x$$

3. Evaluate $\log_2 \frac{1}{4}$ exactly.

$$\log_2 \frac{1}{4} = \underbrace{\log_2}_{} 2^{-2} = \textcircled{-2}$$

means "what's the exponent you'd put on 2 to get..."

$$\textcircled{5} = (\textcircled{4})^{\textcircled{7}} = (\textcircled{4})^{\textcircled{7}} = \textcircled{5}$$

$$\textcircled{2} = (\textcircled{3})_{\textcircled{9}} = (\textcircled{3})_{\textcircled{9}} = \textcircled{2}$$

4. Evaluate $\ln \sqrt{e}$ exactly.

$$\ln \sqrt{e} = \underbrace{\log_e}_{} e^{\textcircled{\frac{1}{2}}} = \textcircled{\frac{1}{2}}$$

means "What's the exponent you'd put on e to get..."