

Problem Set 5 Real Analysis 1 Due 10/25/2002

Each problem is worth 5 points. Adequate demonstration is required for full credit.

1. Prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{1}{x}$ exists directly from the definition.

2. Prove that if $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} c \cdot f(x) = c \cdot L$.

3. Prove or give a counterexample: if $\lim_{x \rightarrow c-a} f(x) = L$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = c \cdot L$.

4. Prove that if $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} [f(x)]^2 = L^2$.