

Each problem is worth 5 points. Clear and complete justification is required for full credit.

1. Find all critical points of the function  $f(x,y) = x^3 + y^2 - 3x^2 + 10y + 6$ .

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 3x^2 - 6x \\ 0 &= 3x^2 - 6x \\ 0 &= 3x(x-2) \\ x &= 0 \text{ or } 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_y &= 2y + 10 \\ 0 &= 2y + 10 \\ -10 &= 2y \\ y &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

critical points are  
 $\underline{(0, -5)}$  and  $\underline{(2, -5)}$

when the partial derivatives equal zero there is a critical point.

Excellent!

2. The function  $g(x,y) = 2x^3 + xy^2 + 5x^2 + y^2$  has one of its critical points at  $(-1, 2)$ . Classify that critical point as a local minimum, local maximum, or saddle point.

$$g_{xx}(x,y) = 6x^2 + y^2 + 10x \quad g_{yy}(x,y) = 2xy + 2y \quad \text{C.P. is } (-1, 2)$$

$$\underline{g_{xx}(x,y)} = 12x + 10 \quad \underline{g_{yy}(x,y)} = 2x + 2 \quad \underline{g_{xy}(x,y)} = 2y$$

$$D(-1, 2) = g_{xx} \cdot g_{yy} - [g_{xy}]^2$$

$$D(-1, 2) = [12(-1) + 10] \cdot [2(-1) + 2] - [2(2)]^2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12 + 10 \\ -2 + 2 \\ \hline -4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cdot \\ 0 \\ \hline -16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \\ 0 \\ \hline -16 \end{array}$$

Nice Job!

D < 0 so therefore it is a S.P.