1. Compute (3 + 2i) - (2 - 5i).

I get 1 + 7i.

2. Compute $(3 + 2i) \div (2 - 5i)$ and write your answer in standard form.

I get -4/29 + 19/29 i.

3. Compute $(1 - i) \times (1 + i)$ and write your answer in standard form.

I get 2 + 0i.

4. Write
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$$
 in polar form and find $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right)^6$.

I get a polar form of 1 cis $\pi/6$.

5. Write $e^{-6\pi i}$ in standard form.

I get 1 + 0i.