## Fake Quiz 3 Calc 3 11/28/2012

This is a fake quiz, this is only a fake quiz. In the event of an actual quiz, you'd have been given fair warning. Repeat: This is only a fake quiz.

- 1. Compute  $\int_C (x^2 + y^2) dx x dy$  along the quarter circle from (1,0) to (0,1).
- 2. Evaluate  $\iint_{S} \nabla \times \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma$  for the hemisphere  $S: x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9, z \ge 0$  and the field  $\mathbf{F} = y\mathbf{i} x\mathbf{j}$ .
- 3. Evaluate  $\int (\sin y \sinh x + \cos y \cosh x) dx + (\cos y \cosh x \sin y \sinh x) dy$  where C is the line segment from (1,0) to  $(2,\pi/2)$ .
- 4. Evaluate  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = 4\mathbf{x}\mathbf{i} 3\mathbf{y}\mathbf{j} + 7z\mathbf{k}$  and S is the surface of the cube bounded by the coordinate planes and the planes x = 1, y = 1, and z = 1.
- 5. Evaluate,  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = x \mathbf{i} + y \mathbf{j} + 2z \mathbf{k}$  and S is the portion of the cone  $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$  between the planes z = 1 and z = 2, oriented upwards.
- 6. Evaluate  $\int_C (x^2 y) dx + x dy$ , where C is the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$  with counterclockwise orientation.
- 7. Evaluate  $\iint_{S} \langle x^3, x^2y, xy \rangle \cdot d\mathbf{S}$ , where S is the surface of the solid bounded by  $z = 4 x^2$ , y + z = 5, z = 0, and y = 0.
- 8. Compute  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = y \mathbf{i} + z \mathbf{j} x \mathbf{k}$  and C is the line segment from (1,1,1) to (-3,2,0).
- 9. Compute  $\int_{C} \left\langle \ln(1+y), -\frac{xy}{1+y} \right\rangle \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  where C is the triangle with vertices (0,0), (2,0), and (0,4).
- 10. Evaluate  $\int_{(0,1)}^{(\pi,-1)} y \sin x \, dx \cos x \, dy$ .
- 11. Compute,  $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = 2y \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$  and S is the portion of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  below the plane z = 4 with positive orientation.
- 12. Compute  $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$  where  $\mathbf{F}(x,y,z) = \langle 4x, 7y, -3z \rangle$  and *C* is the boundary of the first-octant portion of a sphere with radius 5 (centered at the origin).