## Exam 1 Differential Equations 3/7/2003

Each problem is worth 10 points. For full credit provide complete justification for your answers.

1. Show that $y(t)=e^{-t}+t^{2}$ is a solution to the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}+y=t^{2}+2 t$.
2. Given that $S(t)=\frac{30 t+t^{2}+C}{15+t}$ is a general solution to a differential equation, find a particular solution which satisfies the initial condition $S(0)=3$.
3. Give an example of a differential equation which is not linear.
4. An enormous vat begins with 50 gallons of pure water at time $t=0$. More pure water is added from one spigot at the rate of 5 gallons per minute. Meanwhile, a second spigot adds salt water with a concentration of 0.5 pounds of salt per gallon at a rate of 4 gallons per minute. The solution is kept well mixed, and 3 gallons per minute are drained out from the bottom of the tank. Write a differential equation for the rate of change of the amount of salt in the tank over time.
5. Sketch the phase line for the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}=0.05 t(t-1)(t-8)$ and label each equilibrium point as a sink, source, or node.
6. Consider the differential equation $\frac{d P}{d t}=2 P-\frac{P^{2}}{50}-30$ for the population of fish in a lake if 10 fishing licenses are granted, with initial condition $P_{0}=100$. Use Euler's Method (with a step size of $\Delta t=1$ ) to approximate the population at $t=1$ and $t=2$.
7. A yam is placed in a hot oven at time $t=0$ and begins to warm up according to the differential equation $\frac{d T}{d t}=k(400-T)$. Find a general solution $T(t)$ for the temperature of the yam after $t$ minutes in the oven.
8. Sketch the bifurcation diagram for the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}=a y-y^{3}$, where $a$ is the parameter.
9. The differential equation $2 t y \frac{d y}{d t}=4 t^{2}+3 y^{2}$ is not separable. Use the substitution $u=\frac{y}{t}$ to transform it into a new differential equation which is separable, and make it clear how you know it is separable. You do not need to solve the new equation.
10. The amount of salt in a polluted pond is modeled by the differential equation $\frac{d S}{d t}=\frac{5}{2}-\frac{26 S}{200-t}$. Find a general solution to this differential equation.
