

Each problem is worth 5 points. Clear and complete justification is required for full credit.

1. The manager of a furniture factory finds that it costs \$2200 to manufacture 100 chairs in one day and \$4200 to produce 200 chairs in one day. Express the cost as a function of the number of chairs produced, assuming that it is linear.¹

$$\begin{array}{l} (100, \$2200) \\ (200, \$4200) \end{array} \text{ slope} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{\$4200 - \$2200}{200 - 100} = \frac{\$2000}{100} = \underline{20}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2200 &= 20(100) + b \\ 200 &= b \end{aligned}$$

Does it work for the other one?

$$4200 = 200(20) + 200$$

$$4200 = 4000 + 200$$

$$4200 = 4200 \checkmark$$

yup, yup!

$$\underline{f(x) = 20x + 200}$$

where $x = \#$ of
chairs
produced.

Excellent!

2. Suppose that exposure to a certain chemical increases the likelihood of developing a particular form of cancer, so that if a person is exposed to 1 gram of the chemical they have a 5% chance of developing the cancer, but if they're exposed to 2 grams of the chemical they have an 8% chance of developing the cancer. If the relationship is linear, express the probability of developing the cancer as a function of the amount (in grams) of the chemical a person is exposed to.

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x	$f(x)$
1g	5%
2g	8%

$$m = 3$$

$$f(x) - 5 = 3(x - 1)$$

$$\boxed{f(x) = 3x + 2}$$

Great

$$f(x) = \% \text{ chance}$$

$$x = \underline{\text{chemical in grams}}$$